# Semester – III

**Subject : Arts**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Macro Economics-I (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050309**

**Course Objectives:**

To know basic concepts of macro economics.

To know basic concepts of National income, Consumption and Deflation. To explain factors of Aggregate demand.

To provide competitive atmosphere for the students.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 National Income**

1.1 Concept of National Income, Measurements of National Income

**Unit : 2 Aggregate Demand**

2.1 Meaning of Aggregate Demand, Factors of determination of Aggregate demand

**Unit : 3 Consumption Function**

3.1 Meanings of Consumption Function, Average & Marginal Propensity to consume, Average & Marginal Propensity to saving, Determination of Consumption function,Theory of multiplier

**Unit : 4 Rate of Interest**

4.1 Classical theory of interest - Keynessian theory of interest

**Unit : 5 Deflation**

5.1 Meaning & Definition of Deflation, Causes - effects & control of Deflation

**Bibliography :**

K.E. Bould.ing, Economic analysis ,Chapter 33. George J. Stigler, The Theory of price chapter 2 & 16

J.M. Keynes, The general theory of employment , interest, money chapter - 8, 9 & 10

Dudley Dillard, The economic of J.M. Keynes chapter – 5

A.H. Harler - Filial policy and Business cycles (1941) Chapter 11 & 12

P. A. Samuelson - Interaction between the multiplier analysis and the principle of acceleration.

A.C. Pigou - The economics of welfare Chapter 3 – 8

**Subject : Arts**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Crime Psychology (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050310**

**Course Objectives:**

This Course aim at providing conceptual foundation of human specially man if focuses in the life span in different domains with an emphasis on the cultural context and man problem.

Learn to use Psychology and other information sources.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 Crime and Crime Psychology**

* 1. Introduction
  2. Meaning of Crime Psychology
  3. Nature of Crime Psychology
  4. Types of Crime Psychology
  5. Scope of Crime Psychology

**Unit : 2 Theory of Crime**

* 1. Economical Theories
  2. Political Theories
  3. Sociological Theories
  4. Psychological Theories

**Unit : 3 Reason of Crime**

* 1. Economic
  2. Political
  3. Sociological
  4. Psychological

**Unit : 4 Juvenile Crime**

* 1. Introduction
  2. Meaning of Juvenile Crime
  3. Causes of Juvenile Crime:
     1. Social
     2. Psychological
     3. Economics

**Unit : 5 Prevention of Crime**

* 1. Introduction
  2. Model of Crime Prevention

**Bibliography :**

Donahue P. The Human Animal. Woodward/White Inc. New York, 1985

p. 10020, Back to cited text No. 1

Psycho-Killers, inside the monsters mind, Outlook. Mehta V, Editor. New Delhi, Jan 2007. Back to cited text No. 2

Bartol CR. Criminal behavior : A Psychosocial approach : 5 thsub ed. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River : New Jersya, 07458. Back to cited text no. 3

Abramsen D. Who are the guilty. Green Wood Press : West Port CT: 1952 Back to cites text no. 6

Roche PQ. The Criminal Mind : A study of Communication betwen Criminal Law and Psychiatry. Grove Press : New York : 1958 Back to cited text no. 7

Crime Psychology with New Concept, 2010 Paradise Publishers, Jaipur

Dr. R. G. Parmar, Dr. Jignesh H. Tapariya

Psychology of Crime, 2009, Surya Prakashan, Kanpur. Dr. R. G. Parmar

**Subject : Law**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Constitutional Law – II (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050311**

**Course Objectives:**

India is a democracy and her Constitution embodies the main principles of the democratic government- how it comes into being, what are its powers, functions, responsibilities and obligations how power is limited and distributed. Whatever might have been the original power base of the

Constitution, today it seems to have acquired legitimacy as a highest

norm of public law.

A good understanding of the Constitution and the law, which has developed through constitutional amendments, judicial decisions, constitutional practice and conventions is, therefore, absolutely necessary for a student of law. He must also know the genesis, nature and special features and be aware of the social, political and economic influence on the Constitution.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 Executive , Legislature and Judiciary**

* 1. Union Executive : President, Prime Minister , their qualifications , power and duties , position of the President vis-a-vis Prime Minister
  2. State Executive : Governor ,chief Minister ,power , Council of Ministers
  3. Union Legislature : Composition of parliament , LokSabha , Rijyasabha , Qualifications and Disqualifications of the Member of parliament , Schedule X, Speaker and Dy. Speaker of both Houses and their powers, Procedure for passing Ordinary Bill & Money Bill, Joint Session of House
  4. State Legislature : Composition of House , Qualifications and Disqualifications of MLAs, Legislative Procedure of State Legislature
  5. Union Judiciary : Supreme Court Judges & Chief Justice :Procedure for appointment and removal , qualifications, power and Jurisdiction of SC: Original, Appellate , Advising, Article 141,142.
  6. State Judiciary: Appointment , Transfer and Removal Procedure of HC Judges and Chief Justice of HC , Powers and Jurisdiction of HC, Writs, Article 226 and 227 Distinction Between them.

**Unit : 2 Amendment of the Constitution** :

* 1. Procedure to amend the Constitution under Article 368
  2. Limited power of the Parliament to amend the provision of the Constitution
  3. Judicial Pronouncements of the Supreme Court and relevant Constitutional Amendments
  4. Doctrine of Basic Structure.

**Unit : 3 Emergency provisions**

* 1. National Emergency : Grounds, Effects of proclamation of Emergency

: Suspension of Fundamental Right during Emergency, Revocation of Emergency

* 1. Emergency due to failure of Constitutional Machinery in states : Grounds
  2. Report of Sarkaria Commission, Guidelines of S.R. Bommai ’s case
  3. Financial Emergency

**Unit : 4 Miscellaneous**

* 1. Article 31-B & Schedule IX, Doctrine of Pleasure, Constitutional safeguards to Civil servants, Attorney General, Advocate General, Chief Election Commission and Commission, Official Language
  2. Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse
  3. Special provisions relating to Jammu and Kashmir
  4. Relation between Union and the State : Legislative and Financial, Schedule VII 4.5 Consolidated funds, Contingency Funds, CAG, Public Service Commission

**Bibliography :**

* 1. Constitution Law of India : D.D. BASU
  2. Introduction to the Constitution of India D.D Basu
  3. Shorter Constitution Law of India :Durga Das Basu
  4. Constitution Law of India : V.N.SUKHLA
  5. Constitution of India: J.N. PANDEY Constitution Law of India.
  6. M.P.JAIN Constitution Law of India (Vol. 1-3) :
  7. H.M.SEERVAI Constitution Law of India :
  8. P.M.BAXI Introduction to the Constitution Law of India :

**Subject : Law**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Law of Contract (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050312**

**Course Objectives:**

Every man in his day to day life from dawn to dusk makes a variety of contract, Man's contract making activities increase with the increasing trade, commerce and industry. In a way living in a modern society would be impossible if the law did not recognize this contract making power of person. This prompted Roscoe Pound to make his celebrated observation wealth, in a commercial age, is made up largely of promises. In this sense India is also a Promissory Society. The conferment and protection by the of this contract making power of person gives them a considerable leeway to strike best bargain for the contract making person. In a way they are permitted to regulate and define their relation in a best possible manner they chose. However, the contours of contractual relation in a feudal, colonial and capitalist society of pre-independence India cannot necessarily be the same in a independent and developing India society. Whatever may be the nature of a given society, the contractual relation as are obtained in that society, are governed by certain principle which are more or less of a general and basic nature. India these general principles are enacted in the form of the Indian Contract Act, 1972.

This course is designed to acquaint a student with the conceptual and operational parameters of these various general principles of contractual relation. Specific enforcement of contract is an important aspect of the law of contracts. Analysis of the kinds of contract that can be specifically enforced and the methods of enforcement forms a significant of this study.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 General Principles of Law of Contract**

* 1. Agreement and contract definitions, elements and kinds Proposal, Communication and revocation - proposal and invitation for proposal - floating offers.
  2. Acceptance - their various forms, essential elements
  3. Consideration - is need, meaning, kinds, essential elements
  4. Capacity to Contract

**Unit : 2 Capacity to Contract & Free Consent**

* 1. Minor, age of Majority, Nature's of minor's agreement & effects thereof, Accessories supplied to a minor, Agreement beneficial and detrimental to a minor.
  2. Free consent- its need and definition, Effects of force, coercion & undue influence on contract.
  3. Mistake : definition - kinds - fundamental error mistake of law and of fact - their effects.
  4. Legality of objects :
     1. unlawful Agreements : kinds and effects thereof
     2. Void Agreement, Uncertain Agreements, Wagering Agreements, Illegal & Void Agreements

**Unit – 3 Discharge of contract & Quasi-Contract**

* 1. Various modes of discharge of contract and effect thereof
  2. Anticipatory Breach of Contract
  3. Impossibility of performance - specific ground of frustration-application to leases- leases- theories of frustration-effect of frustration and restitution, by period of limitation.
  4. Rescission and alteration - their effect - remission and waiver of performance - extension of time - accord and satisfaction
  5. Quasi-contract or certain relation resembling those created by contract, Quantum Meruit.

**Unit – 4 Specific Relief Act**

* 1. Person against whom specific enforcement can be ordered
  2. Rescission and cancellation
  3. Injunction: Temporary and Perpetual
  4. Declaratory orders 4.5 Discretion and power of court

**Bibliography :**

1. Beasten (Ed), Anson's Law of Contract P.S. Atiya,
2. Introduction to the law of Contract (Claredon Law Series) Avtar Singh,
3. Law of Contract, Eastern Law House.Lucknow
4. G.C. Cheshire, and H.S. Fitoot and M.P. Formston Law Contract
5. ELBS with Butterworths. M. Krishnan Nair, Law of Contract,
6. G.H. Trinel, Law of Contract Sweet & Maxwell R.K. Abichandani (ed),
7. Pollock and Mulla on the Indian contract and the Specific Relief Act,
8. Butterworths Publication Benerjee S.C. Law of Specific Relief, Universal Anson,
9. Law of Contract, Universal Dutt on Contract, Universal Anand and Aiyer, Law of Specific Relief, Universal Law House.

**Subject : Law**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Law of Crimes Paper I : Penal Code (CORE)**

**Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050313**

**Course Objectives:**

The Indian society has changed very rapidly since independence. A paper understanding of crimes, method of controlling them and the socio-economic and political reason for their existence is now extremely important in the larger context of India's development. It student are to use their knowledge and skills to build a just and human society. The curriculum outlined here attempts to bring in these new perspectives.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 General**

* 1. Conception of crime, Stages of Crime, (including Section 511) Mens Rea.
  2. Applicability of the Indian Penal Code : Intra-Territorial Jurisdiction and Extra-Territorial Jurisdiction.
  3. General Explanations : Public Servant, Wrongful Gain, Wrongful Loss, Valuable Security, Harbour.
  4. Group Liability
     1. Common Intention
     2. Criminal Conspiracy
  5. Abetment

**Unit : 2 Punishments**

* 1. Theories of punishment
  2. Kinds of punishment
     1. Death Sentence : Constitutionality & Judicial Approach
     2. Life Imprisonment
     3. Imprisonment : Simple and Rigorous, Solitary Confinement
     4. Forfeiture of Property
     5. Fine : Rules imposing fine
  3. Discretion in awarding punishment

**Unit : 3 General Defenses** :

* 1. Mental Incapacity, Minority, involuntary intoxication and Insanity as a defense
  2. Right of Private Defense : Justification and limits
  3. when private defends extends to causing of death toprotect body and property ?
  4. Necessity
  5. Mistake of facts

**Unit : 4 Offence Relating of Public Tran quality :**

* 1. Unlawful Assembly
  2. Rioting
  3. Affray
  4. Distinction between Common Object & CommonIntention

**Unit : 5 Offences against Stage, giving of false evidence, etc, :**

* 1. Offences against Stage :
     1. Wagging war against the Government of India etc.
     2. Sedition
  2. Giving/fabricating false evidence : Offence & Punishment
  3. Offences relating to election
  4. Offences by or against Public Servants

**Unit : 6 Offences against Human Body.**

* 1. Culpable Homicide
  2. Murder :
     1. Ingredients and exception
     2. Distinction between Culpable Homicide and Murder
  3. When Culpable Homicide is Murder ?
  4. Suicide : Attempt punishable as offence & its Constitutionality
  5. Hurt, Grievous Hurt
  6. Criminal Force, Wrongful Restraint, Wrongful Confinement
  7. Kidnapping : Types, Abduction
  8. Causing death by rash or negligent Act.
  9. Death caused by consent of the deceased - euthanasia and surgical operation : Constitutionality

**Unit : 7 Offences against property, Defamation & Miscellaneous offences :**

* 1. Theft & Extortion, Robbery and Dacoity, Distinction between them, receiving and disposing of stolen Property & other related offences
  2. Criminal Misappropriation, Criminal Breach of Trust, Mischief
  3. cheating : Types, Forgery and Making False documents
  4. Defamation : Exceptions
  5. Criminal Intimidation

**Unit : 8 Offences against Women**

* 1. Rape : Custodial Rape, Relevancy of Consent,
  2. Intercourse by man with his wife : When Rape, Un-natural offence
  3. Dowry Death, Cruelty by Husband or Relatives of Husband
  4. Offences relating to marriage.
  5. Outraging modesty and annoyance of woman.

**Bibliography :**

1. Kenny's Outlines of Criminal Law - Universal Law Publishing Co.
2. Russell on crime - Universal Law Publishing Co. (2 Volumes)
3. K.D.Gaur, Criminal Law Cases and Materials, Butterworth's, India
4. Ratanlal&Dhirajlal's Indian Penal Code Butterworth's Wadhwa, Nagpur
5. K.D.Gaur, A text Book on the Indian Penal Code, Universal Delhi.
6. P.S.Achuthanpillai, Criminal Law Eastern Book Co.,
7. B.M. Gandhi, Indian Penal Code, Eastern Book Co,