

(Affiliated to Gujarat Technological University, Approved by PCI)

Shree H. N. Shukla College Campus, Nr. Lalpari Lake, B/H. Marketing Yard, Amargadh – Bhichari, Raikot. Mo. 9099063150, 9727753360

Bachelor of Pharmacy Subject Code: BP601TP SEMESTER: VI

Subject Name: Medicinal Chemistry III

Scope: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure, chemistry and therapeutic value of drugs. The subject emphasis on modern techniques of rational drug design like quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR), Prodrug concept, combinatorial chemistry and Computer aided drug design (CADD). The subject also emphasizes on the chemistry, mechanism of action, metabolism, adverse effects, Structure Activity Relationships (SAR), therapeutic uses and synthesis of important drugs.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Understand the importance of drug design and different techniques of drug design.
- 2. Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their biological activity
- 3. Know the metabolism, adverse effects and therapeutic value of drugs.
- 4. Know the importance of SAR of drugs

Teaching scheme and examination scheme:

Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme			
Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total	Theory Practi		ctical	
				External	Internal	External	Internal
3	1	4	6	80	20	80	20

Sr No	Topics	%
		weightage
1.	Antibiotics	10
	Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry, Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes	
	β-Lactam antibiotics: Penicillin, Cepholosporins, β- Lactamase inhibitors, Monobactams	
	Aminoglycosides: Streptomycin, Neomycin, Kanamycin	
	Tetracyclines: Tetracycline, Oxytetracycline, Chlortetracycline, Minocycline,	
	Doxycycline	
2.	Antibiotics	10
	Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry, Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes	
	Macrolide: Erythromycin Clarithromycin, Azithromycin	
	Miscellaneous: Chloramphenicol*, Clindamycin	
	Prodrugs: Basic concepts and application of prodrugs design.	
	Antimalarials: Etiology of malaria	
	Quinolines: SAR, Quinine sulphate, Chloroquine*, Amodiaquine,	
	Primaquine phosphate, Pamaquine*, Quinacrine hydrochloride, Mefloquine.	
	Biguanides and dihydro triazines: Cycloguanil pamoate, Proguanil.	
	Miscellaneous: Pyrimethamine, Artesunete, Artemether, Atovoquone.	



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3.	Anti-tubercular Agents	10
]	Synthetic anti tubercular agents: Isoniozid*, Ethionamide, Ethambutol,	10
	Pyrazinamide, Para amino salicylic acid.*	
	Anti tubercular antibiotics: Rifampicin, Rifabutin, Cycloserine	
	Streptomycine, Capreomycin sulphate	
	Urinary tract anti-infective agents	
	Quinolones: SAR of quinolones, Nalidixic Acid, Norfloxacin, Enoxacin,	
	Ciprofloxacin*, Ofloxacin, Lomefloxacin, Sparfloxacin, Gatifloxacin,	
	Moxifloxacin	
	Miscellaneous: Furazolidine, Nitrofurantoin*, Methanamine	
	Antiviral agents:	
	Amantadine hydrochloride, Rimantadine hydrochloride, Idoxuridine trifluoride,	
	Acyclovir*, Gancyclovir, Zidovudine, Didanosine, Zalcitabine,	
	Lamivudine, Loviride, Delavirding, Ribavirin, Saquinavir, Indinavir, Ritonavir.	
	Antifungal agents:	8
4.	Antifungal antibiotics: Amphotericin-B, Nystatin, Natamycin, Griseofulvin	
	Synthetic Antifungal agents: Clotrimazole, Econazole, Butoconazole,	
	Oxiconazole Tioconozole, Miconazole*, Ketoconazole, Terconazole,	
	Itraconazole, Fluconazole, Naftifine hydrochloride, Tolnaftate*.	
	Anti-protozoal Agents: Metronidazole*, Tinidazole, Ornidazole, Diloxanide,	
	Iodoquinol, Pentamidine Isethionate, Atovaquone, Eflornithine.	
	Anthelmintics: Diethylcarbamazine citrate*, Thiabendazole, Mebendazole*,	
	Albendazole, Niclosamide, Oxamniquine, Praziquantal, Ivermectin.	
	Sulphonamides and Sulfones	
	Historical development, chemistry, classification and SAR of Sulfonamides:	
	Sulphamethizole, Sulfisoxazole, Sulphamethizine, Sulfacetamide*,	
	Sulphapyridine, Sulfamethoxaole*, Sulphadiazine, Mefenide acetate,	
	Sulfasalazine	
	Folate reductase inhibitors: Trimethoprim*, Cotrimoxazole	
	Sulfones: Dapsone*.	
5.	Introduction to Drug Design	7
	Various approaches used in drug design.	
	Physicochemical parameters used in quantitative structure activity relationship	
	(QSAR) such as partition coefficient, Hammet's electronic parameter, Tafts	
	steric parameter and Hansch analysis	
	Pharmacophore modeling and docking techniques.	
	Combinatorial Chemistry: Concept and applications of Combinational	
	chemistry: solid phase and solution phase synthesis.	

Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, Classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs mentioned in the course, Structure activity relationship of selective class of drugs as specified in the course and synthesis of drugs superscripted by (*)

Practical

I Preparation of drugs and intermediates

- 1. Sulphanilamide
- 2. 7-Hydroxy, 4-methyl coumarin
- 3. Chlorobutanol
- 4. Triphenyl imidazole
- 5. Tolbutamide
- 6. Hexamine



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II Assay of drugs

- 1. Isonicotinic acid hydrazide
- 2. Chloroquine
- 3. Metronidazole
- 4. Dapsone
- 5. Chlorpheniramine maleate
- 6. Benzyl penicillin

III Preparation of medicinally important compounds or intermediates by Microwave irradiation technique

IV Drawing structures and reactions using chem draw®

V Determination of physicochemical properties such as logP, clogP, MR, Molecular weight, Hydrogen bond donors and acceptors for class of drugs course content using drug design software Drug likeliness screening (Lipinskies RO5)

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

- 1. Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
- 2. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
- 3. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.
- 4. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.
- 5. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- 6. Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia.
- 7. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II.
- 8. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1-5.
- 9. Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- 10. Text book of practical organic chemistry- A.I. Vogel

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

UNIT	LEARNING OUTCOME
1	Understanding the importance of drug design and different techniques of drug design
2	Knowledge about chemistry of drugs with respect to their biological activity and its application in drug design
3	Knowledge about metabolism, adverse effects and therapeutic value of drugs and its use in drug design.
4	Understanding the importance of structural activity relationship of different class of drugs and its application in drug design.
5	Ability to carry out synthesis and assay of specific medicinal compounds.

BOOK LIST:

Sr. no	Book name	Price (Rs.)		
1	Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical			
	Chemistry.			
2	Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.			
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4	Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.			



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