



16SMA-CO-01-00002

Seat No.

MASTER OF SCIENCE MATHEMATICS Examination
MSC MATHS Semester - 1 JANUARY 2025 (Regular) JANUARY - 2025

REAL ANALYSIS

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 16SMA-CO-01-00002

Time : 2 [Hours]

[Total Marks : 70]

Instructions:

All questions are compulsory

Q.1 Answer Briefly any seven of the following (Out of ten)

14

1 Define term: σ -algebra on a non-empty set X .Let $A, B \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ be any subsets and $m^*(B) < \infty$. Prove that, $m^*(A \cup B) = m^*(A)$.Prove that, $m^*(A + y) = m^*(A)$, for any $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ and $y \in \mathbb{R}$, where $A + y = \{x + y/x \in A\}$.4 Prove or disprove that, the continuous function $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a measurable function.Define F_σ -set. Justify that, an open interval is an F_σ -set.

Write down any two from Littlewood's three principles without proof.

7 Define Lebesgue integral for a simple function on a measurable set E which vanishes outside of set of finite measure.8 Define a characteristic function on a measurable set E .

9 Write the statement of Monotone Convergence Theorem.

10

Let E be a measurable subset of \mathbb{R} and $f: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a measurable function. Prove that, for any real

number α , $\{x \in E / f(x) = \alpha\}$ is a measurable subset of E .

Q.2 Answer the following (Any Two)

Let $f, g: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be two real valued functions on a measurable set E . Let f be a measurable

function on E and $f = g$ a.e. on E . Prove that, g is also a measurable function on E .

Let E_1, E_2, \dots, E_n be a finite sequence of mutually disjoint measurable set. Let $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ be any subset

of \mathbb{R} . Prove that, $m^*(A \cap [\bigcup_{i=1}^n E_i]) = \sum_{i=1}^n m^*(A \cap E_i)$.

Let D be a measurable subset of \mathbb{R} and $E \subseteq D$. Let χ_E is the characteristic function on D . Prove

that, χ_E is a measurable function on $E \Leftrightarrow E$ is a measurable subset of \mathbb{R} .

Q.3 Answer the following

State and prove, Fatou's lemma.

Let E be a measurable set with $mE < \infty$ and $f: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be bounded function. Prove that

$\inf_{\psi \geq f} \int_E \psi \geq \sup_{\phi \leq f} \int_E \phi$. Where $\psi: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $\phi: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are simple functions.

Answer the following

OR

1 State and prove, Lebesgue Convergence Theorem.

2

If $E_1 \supseteq E_2 \supseteq \dots$ be a decreasing sequence of measurable sets with $mE_1 < \infty$, then show that,

$$m(\cap_{n=1}^{\infty} E_n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} mE_n.$$

Q.4

Answer the following questions (Any Two)

14

Let $\psi: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $\phi: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be simple functions such that they vanish outside of a set of finite

measure. Prove that, $\int a\phi + b\psi = a \int \phi + b \int \psi$ for any $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$.

2 Prove that, Lebesgue Convergence Theorem holds good if convergence a.e. is replaced by convergence in measure (convergence in sense of measure).

Q.5 Answer the following (Any Two)

14

Let $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Show that, f is a function of bounded variation on $[a, b]$ if and only if $f = g + h$

Where g and h are monotonically increasing functions on $[a, b]$.

Let $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be function of bounded variation. Prove that, f is differentiable a.e. on $[a, b]$.

3 State and prove, Bounded Convergence Theorem

Show that, the outer measure is sub additive.