



NBH-003-1012002

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. II) (CBCS) Examination

April / May - 2017

Physics : Paper - 102

(New Course)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 1012002

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) All questions are compulsory.
(2) Give answers of all questions in answer book only.
(3) Figures on the right side indicate full marks.

- 1 (a) Answer following objective questions : 4
- (1) Velocity of transverse wave in a string is directly proportional to _____.
 - (2) Which wave travels on a string?
 - (3) Displacement of the vibrating particle at nodes is always zero.
(True / False)
 - (4) Which process is responsible for propagation of sound wave in a medium according to Newton?
- (b) Answer any one question : 2
- (1) A 4 meter long string of mass 3×10^{-3} kg is tied at one end. If second end is passing over a pulley and carries a weight producing 7.5 N tension on the string. What will be the speed of transverse wave along the string?
 - (2) Calculate velocity of sound in water. Volume elasticity of water is 2.2×10^9 N/m² and density of water is 1000Kg/m³.
- (c) Answer any one question : 3
- (1) Give the laws of transverse vibration.
 - (2) If the intensity is increased by a factor 20, by how many decibel is the sound level increased ?

- (d) Answer any one in detail : 5
- (1) Explain Doppler effect for stationary object and moving source.
 - (2) Describe the sine wave travelling on a string.
- 2** (a) Answer following objective questions : 4
- (1) How many P-N junction diodes are required in Center-Tapped Full wave rectifier?
 - (2) For which rectifier circuit a transformer is needed?
 - (3) How many P-N junctions are there in the transistor?
 - (4) In a transistor, Emitter junction is always in _____ biased.
- (b) Answer any one question : 2
- (1) A given transistor has $\alpha = 0.9$. What would be the value of β for the same transistor?
 - (2) Calculate the ripple factor of a power supply which delivers, $V_{dc} = 25$ V with an ac component (ripple), $V_{rms} = 1$ V.
- (c) Answer any one question : 3
- (1) Explain construction and working of centre tap Full wave rectifier.
 - (2) In a common base connection the current amplification factor is (current gain) 0.99. If the emitter current is 10 mA, determine the value of base current.
- (d) Answer any one in detail : 5
- (1) What is the Zener diode? Explain its break down and characteristics.
 - (2) Explain input characteristics of C-B transistor connection.
- 3** (a) Answer following objective questions : 4
- (1) The central region in Newton's ring is dark. (True / False)
 - (2) The thin films are coloured due to _____.
 - (3) Newton's ring illustrates the phenomenon of _____.
 - (4) The velocity of light is minimum in vacuum. (True / False)

- (b) Answer any one question : 2
- (1) Distance between two slits is 0.1 mm and the width of the fringes formed on the screen is 4 mm. If the distance between the screen and the slit is 1 meter, calculate the wavelength of light used.
 - (2) In a Newton's ring experiment, the diameter of the 17th ring was found to be 0.59 cm and that of the 7th ring was 0.336 cm. If the radius of the plano-convex lens is 1 m, find the wavelength of light used.
- (c) Answer any one question : 3
- (1) In case of plane parallel thin film, discuss the Interference due to reflected light.
 - (2) Newton's ring formed by sodium light between a flat glass plate and a convex lens are viewed normally. What will be the order of the dark ring which will have double the diameter of that of 40th dark ring?
- (d) Answer any one in detail : 5
- (1) What is Fresnel's Biprism ? Write it's experimental arrangement.
 - (2) Derive the formula for the radius of Newton's rings.
- 4 (a) Answer following objective questions : 4
- (1) How many types of diffraction are? Give the name of diffractions.
 - (2) The Zone plate behaves like a _____.
 - (3) Lenses are used in _____ diffraction.
 - (4) The area of half period zone is equal to _____.
- (b) Answer any one question : 2
- (1) A parallel beam of sodium light is allowed to be incident normally on a plane grating having 4250 lines/cm, and a second order spectral line is observed to be derived through 30°. Calculate the wavelength of the spectral line.
 - (2) In Fraunhofer diffraction pattern due to a narrow slit a screen is placed 2 m away from the lens to obtain the pattern. If the slit width is 0.2 mm and the first minima lies 5 mm on either sides of the central maximum then find the wavelength of light.

- (c) Answer any one question : 3
- (1) Discuss the theory of zone plate with necessary diagram.
 - (2) A zone plate has a focal length of 50 cm at a wavelength 7000 \AA . What is its focal length at $\lambda = 5000 \text{ \AA}$?
- (d) Answer any one in detail : 5
- (1) Write a short note on plane diffraction grating.
 - (2) Explain the diffraction pattern of a straight edge.
- 5 (a) Answer following objective questions : 4
- (1) Dispersive power $\omega =$ _____
 - (2) Dispersive power is unitless physical quantity. (True / False)
 - (3) At angle of polarization, the angle between reflected ray and refracted ray is 90° . (True / False)
 - (4) For which color of light angle of deviation is minimum ?
- (b) Answer any one question : 2
- (1) Refractive index of glass is 1.5. Calculate the polarizing angle (Brewster's angle).
 - (2) Find the angular dispersion produced by a prism from the data : $A=20^\circ$, $\mu_v = 1.664$ and $\mu_r = 1.644$.
- (c) Answer any one question : 3
- (1) State and prove Brewster's law.
 - (2) Two Nicol prisms are oriented with their principal planes making an angle 60° . What percentage of incident unpolarised light will pass through the system?
- (d) Answer any one in detail : 5
- (1) Discuss the Fermat's principle and prove laws of reflection.
 - (2) Describe the construction and working of a Nicol prism.