#  Semester – V

**Subject : Arts**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Micro Economics-I (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050519**

**Course Objectives:**

To know basic concepts of micro economics.

To provide in detailed knowledge of Consumer’s Behaviour. To know concept of Elasticity of Demand.

To provide competitive atmosphere for the students.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 INTRODUCTION**

1.1 Meaning and definition of Micro Economics, Nature and scope of Micro Economics

**Unit : 2 Consumer's Behaviour - CARDINAL UTILITY APPROACH**

2.1 The meaning of Utility and Marginal Utility Analysis, Laws of Cardinal Marginal Utility, Law of diminishing marginal utility, Principle of Equi-Marginal Utility, Consumer's Equilibrium, Derivation of Demand Curve and Law of Demand.

**Unit : 3 Consumer's Behaviour - ORDINAL UTILITY APPROACH**

3.1 Preference Hypothesis, Marginal Rate of Substitution, Indifference Curve and Indifference Map, Properties of Indifference Curves, The Budget Line.

**Unit : 4 Consumer's Behaviour - ORDINAL UTILITY APPROACH**

4.1 Consumers Equilibrium. Income Effect, Giffen Paradox, Hicksian Substitution Effect, Slutsky-Substitution Effect, Price Effect.

**Unit : 5 Elasticity of Demand**

* 1. Meaning - Various Concepts of Demand Elasticity.
	2. Price Elasticity of Demand : Types, Measurement of Price Elasticity of Demand, Determinants of Price Elasticity of Demand

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**Subject : Arts**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Political Sociology (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050520**

**Course Objectives :**

To know basic concepts of Sociology.

To give an outline of Sociological Background. To explain the scope and nature of Sociology.

To provide competitive atmosphere for the students.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 Political Sociology : Origin Development and Scope**

* 1. Meaning of Political Sociology
	2. Scope of Political Sociology
	3. Origin and Development of Political Sociology
	4. Importance of Political Sociology

**Unit : 2 Political Socialization**

* 1. Meaning of Political Socialization
	2. Characteristics of Political Socialization
	3. Major Agencies of Political Socialization
	4. Importance of Political Socialization

**Unit : 3 Political Parties**

* 1. Meaning of Political Parties
	2. Functions of Political Parties
	3. Importance and Limitation of Political Parties
	4. Development of Political Parties in India

**Unit : 4 Role of Region, Caste and Regionalism in Indian Politics**

* 1. Religion and Politics
	2. Caste and Politics
	3. Regionalism and Politics

**Unit : 5 Political Participation**

* 1. Meaning of Political Participation
	2. Factors Facilitating to Political Participation
	3. Women's Participation of Politics
	4. Factors Resisting Women's Participation in Politics

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Gupta Dipankar (1996) : Political Sociolog in Indian (Contemporary Trends) Orient Longman Limited, New Delhi-2002, P. 25-35, 75-80 Indian Council of Research (1981) : A Survey of Research in Political Dynamics) Allied Publishers Private Limited, New Delhi.

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Max Weber : Political Sociology England Peagland Penguin Books, London P. 27-28

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Singh Sumita (2001) A The Positive Face of Power Northern Book Centre, New Delhi

**Subject : Law**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Family Law – I (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050521**

**Course Objectives:**

The course structure is designed mainly with three objectives in view. One is to provide adequate sociological perspective so that the basic concept relating to family is expanded in their social setting.

The next objective is to give as overview of some of the current problem assign out of the foundational inequalities writ large in the various family concepts. The third objective is to view family law not merely as a separate system of personal law based upon religions but as the one cutting across the religious lines and eventually enabling us fulfill the constitutional directive of uniform civil code.

Such restricting makes the study of familial relations mare more meaningful.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 General**

* 1. Concept of Family and Development of Family System, Types of Family Law
	2. Sources of Family Law
	3. Schools of Family Law
	4. Uniform Civil Code: Concept, reasons, Need to enact, problems, relevant Constitutional provisions, Judicial pronouncements

**Unit : 2 Marriage**

* 1. Concept of Marriage, Essentials of valid Marriage under Different laws – Hindu, Muslim, Parsi, Christian law and Special Marriage Act,
	2. Emerging concept : Maitri Sambandh ( Live in Relationship ) and divided home
	3. Regular, irregular and void marriages under different family laws and effects thereof
	4. Iddat and Types under Muslim Law
	5. State Regulation over Customary Practices like Polygamy, Concubine, Child Marriage, Dowry, Sati System etc. by different legislations
	6. Guardianship in Marriage ( Jabar ) and option of puberty under Muslim Law

**Unit : 3 MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES AND REMEDIES**

* 1. Non- judicial resolution of marital conflicts.
	2. Matrimonial Remedies : Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Judicial Separation and Dissolution of Marriage
	3. Dissolution of Marriage
		1. Customary Dissolution of Marriage
		2. Unilateral Divorce
		3. Divorce by Mutual Consent
		4. Other Modes of Dissolution of Marriage like cruelty, Desertion, Adultery etc.
	4. Emerging Concept : Irretrievably breakdown theory for granting divorce and Judicial pronouncements
	5. Divorce under Muslim personal law-
		1. Talak and its Talaq-e-tafweez, Kinds of divorce
		2. Grounds for Divorce under the Dissolution of Muslim Marriages Act,1939
	6. Re-marriage under different Family Law Judicial resolution of conflicts: the family court.

**Unit : 4 GUARDIASHIP, ADOPTION, ALIMONY AND MAINTENACE:**

* 1. Guardianship under different family Laws
	2. Provisions for adoption under various family law and CARA Guidelines for Adoption
	3. Maintenance and Alimony under the Criminal Procedure Code and various Family Laws
		1. Maintenance of neglected Wives and Divorced wives
		2. Maintenance of children : disabled, legitimate and illegitimate
		3. Maintenance of Parents and Grand Parents
		4. Alimony and maintenance as an independent remedy : a reviews under different personal laws – need for reforming the law, Alimony and maintenance as an ancillary relief
		5. Maintenance of divorced Muslim women under Muslim Woman (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act,1986: a critical review I review, Judicial pronouncement on the issue : Shah Banoo’s case and Danial Lefty v. Union of India’s case.

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K. C. Dioiya “Population control through Family nplanning in Inadia” Indian Journal of Legal Studies,

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A.A.A Fyzee, Outline of Muhammadan Law, Law, Alladi Kuppuswami, Mayne’s Hindu Law and Usage

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**Subject : Law**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Labour and Industrial Law-I (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050522**

**Course Objectives:**

Protection of labour a constitutional mandate. A constitutional inspire by the vision of social justice is committed to the cause of uplifment of labour. Well balanced industrial development leads to increased productivity which in turn is factor of national progress. Labour makes significant contribution this respect.

Is labour merely a commodity? Is it only a factor in production? There may be different approaches towards this question. One fact is certain. Today’s labour is engaged in a battle for position of honour and status equal with managements. The law and practice relating to labour is the story of this battle. In this context, the study of labour law is not to be confined to mastering of the rules and regulations is relating to the employment of the work force. Its wings speared wider. It has aim on the societal impulses on, and state reactions to the complex social-economic, human and political problems arising out of the constant conflicts between different classes.

The student should get an insight into the mechanics of socio-legal control of labour relations and should be aware of the history, the present norms, the emerging areas and possible future techniques of labour jurisprudents.

**Course Contents:**

**Units : 1 The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947**

* 1. Scope, objective and main features of the Act, Definition : Industry, Industrial Dispute (Individual and collective), Workmen etc. and judicial pronouncement.
	2. Authorities under the Act : Works committee, conciliation, courts of inquiry, labour court, Tribunal
	3. Procedure, powers and duties of the Authorities
	4. Strikes and Lock- outs, lay-off and Retrenchment
	5. Unfair labour practices

**Unit : 2 The industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946**

* 1. Application of the Act
	2. Standing orders. Model standing orders,
	3. Certification and cancellation of standing orders
	4. Provisions of Appeal
	5. Disciplinary procedures : Departmental enquiries

**Unit : 3 Trade Unions Act, 1926**

* 1. History and development of trade unionism in India
	2. Registration of trade union: procedure
	3. Rights and Liabilities of registered trade unions

**Unit : 4 Gujarat industrial relations Act (former BIR Act) & collective bargaining.**

* 1. Important definitions: Industry, Workmen, Employee, Wage Board,
	2. Classification of unions: Primary union, qualified union, representative union Right, duties and privileges of the representative union
	3. Notice of change
	4. Concept and importance of principle of collective bargaining

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S.C. Srivastava, social security and labour laws, universal, Delhi

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 **Subject : Law**

**Course (Paper) Name & No. : Principles of Taxation Law (CORE) Course (Paper) Unique Code : 19050523**

**Course Objectives:**

Power to tax has been described as the power to destroy. This idea is being floated often whenever the state introduces a new tax is not necessary that in order to raise revenue and place the economy on solid foundation , the taxing power should be confirmed on the state ?

The power to tax shall not go unregulated. In the context of a federal structure the distribution of the taxing powers assumes added significance. Obviously, a study of the constitutional frame work on taxation becomes important. Along with this, an analysis of the different laws enacted in exercise of these powers with their safeguards and remedies sheds light on the mechanics of the taxation by the union and the states.

**Course Contents:**

**Unit : 1 Basic Concepts extent and commencement**

1. Person-Residential status and tax planning
2. Computation of total income
3. Income which do not form part of total income
4. Deduction to be mad in computing total income
5. Income forming part of total income on which no income tax is payable.

**Unit : 2 Heads of Income Tax**

1. Income from Salary
2. Income from House Property
3. Profits and gains of business or profession-Depreciation allowance and development -rebate
4. Income from Capital gains
5. Income from other sources.

**Unit : 3 Miscellaneous**

1. Agricultural and non-agricultural Income.
2. Set off and carry forward of losses
3. Procedure for assessment-Rebate and relief-Collection recovery and refund of tax
4. Income Tax Authorities
5. Appellate tribunal reference to high court
6. Penalty and prosecution.

**Unit : 4 Goods and Service Tax**

GST in India : Concept, Nature and Features of GST

1. Need & Benefits of GST
2. Relevant Definitions
3. Constitutional Validity of GST
4. Taxes subsumed in GST
5. Incidence of Tax
6. Basic Concepts – Supply, Composite and Mixed supplies, Charge of tax
7. GST Council

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