

MASTER OF SCIENCE MATHEMATICS Examination
MSC MATHS Semester - 4 MARCH 2025 (Regular) MARCH - 2025

INTEGRATION THEORY

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 16SMMA-CO-04-00002

Time : 2 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

Instructions:

All questions are compulsory

Q.1 Answer Briefly any seven of the following (Out of ten)

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- 1 Define with example: Signed Measure on measurable space.
Prove or disprove ' A measure zero set is null set '.
- Define Positive and negative set with respect to a signed measure.
- State Radon Nikodym theorem for Signed measures.
- If $(A_i, b_i), i = 1, 2$ are Hahn-decomposition of X with respect to signed measure μ then show that $A_1 \Delta A_2$ is null sets with respect to μ .
- Define with example: A measure absolutely continuous with respect to another measure.
- Define with example: Complete measure.
- 8 Define with example: Semi Algebra of subsets of set.
- 9 State Tonelli's theorem without proof.
- 10 Define Baire sets in a locally compact Hausdorff space.

Q.2 Answer the following (Any Two)

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Let \mathcal{A} be the σ - algebra of all Lebesgue measurable sets in \mathbb{R} , μ be the Lebesgue measure on $(\mathbb{R}, \mathcal{A})$ and $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ be a non negative Lebesgue measurable function then show that $\nu : \mathcal{A} \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ defined by $\nu(E) = \int_E f d\mu, \forall E \in \mathcal{A}$ is a measure on $(\mathbb{R}, \mathcal{A})$.
State and prove Hahn decomposition theorem.

Define σ - algebra of subset of a set X. If X is any set then prove that $\mu : P(X) \rightarrow [0, \infty]$

$$\mu(A) = \begin{cases} \text{the number of elements} & ; \text{ if } A \text{ is finite} \\ \infty & ; \text{ if } A \text{ is infinite} \end{cases}$$

is measure on $(X, P(X))$

Q.3 Answer the following

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- 1 State and prove Lebesgue decomposition theorem.

- 2 Describe by example that the hypothesis " μ is σ -finite" in Radon-Nikodym theorem can not be dropped.

OR

Answer the following

- 1 State and prove Caratheodory extension theorem.

- 2 Let μ be a measure on an algebra \mathcal{A} of subset of a set X and μ^* be the outer measure on X induced by

μ then prove that every element $E \in \mathcal{A}$ is μ^* measurable.

Q.4 Answer the following questions (Any Two)

Let $(X \times Y, \mathcal{F}, \mu \times \gamma)$ be the product measure space of two σ -finite complete measure spaces (X, \mathcal{A}, μ) and (Y, \mathcal{B}, γ) . $E \in \mathcal{R}_{\sigma\delta}$ and $(\mu \times \gamma)(E) < \infty$ then show that, $g : X \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ defined by $g(x) = \gamma(E_x)$, $\forall x \in X$ is measurable and $\int g d\mu = (\mu \times \gamma)(E)$.

Describe by example that the hypothesis "the non negativity of f " in Tonelli's theorem can not be dropped.

Q.5 Answer the following (Any Two)

- 1 Let $(X \times Y, \mathcal{F}, \mu \times \gamma)$ be the product measure space of two σ -finite complete measure spaces. \mathcal{R} be the semialgebra of measurable rectangles in $X \times Y$. $E \in \mathcal{R}_{\sigma\delta}$ and $x \in X$ then show that E_x is a measurable subset of Y .

Let X be a locally compact Hausdorff space. Then show that $C_c(X) = \{f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R} / f \text{ is continuous and } \text{supp } f \text{ is compact in } X\}$ is vector space over \mathbb{R} with respect to pointwise addition and scalar multiplication.

Prove that every compact Baire set K in a locally compact Hausdorff space X is G_δ .

Let X be a locally compact Hausdorff space. \mathcal{m} be a σ -algebra of subsets of X such that $\mathcal{m} \supset B_a(X)$ and μ be a finite measure on (X, \mathcal{m}) . Then prove that if μ is inner regular then μ is regular.