

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (INFO. & TECH.) Examination
 BSCIT Semester - 3 DECEMBER 2024 (Regular) DECEMBER - 2024
 CS-16: RDBMS USING ORACLE
 Faculty Code : 003
 Subject Code : 23SPHSIT-MA-03-06002

RAJ010722929

Time : 2 Hours]

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[Total Marks : 50]

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|---------|---|---|
| Q.1 (A) | 1) Full form of SQL.
2) Give full form of TCL.
3) What is E-R Diagram? | 3 |
| Q.1 (B) | what is normalization? | 2 |
| Q.1 (C) | what is SQL? Explain Datatype. | 5 |
| OR | | |
| Q.2 (A) | 1) DQL Stands for _____
2) Give the maximum of number datatype.
3) Full form of RDBMS. | 3 |
| Q.2 (B) | Explain SQL with detail. | 2 |
| Q.2 (C) | What is SQL*Plus? Explain any 3 Formatting Command. | 5 |
| OR | | |
| Q.2 (A) | 1) Write a CREATE TABLE Statement syntax.
2) what is Primary key?
3) what is foreign key ? | 3 |
| Q.2 (B) | what is ROLLBACK and COMMIT? | 2 |
| Q.2 (C) | what is JOIN? Explain any 1 type of JOIN. | 5 |
| OR | | |
| Q.2 (A) | 1) Full form of DML.
2) Write a INSERT Statement syntax.
3) What is transaction? | 3 |
| Q.2 (B) | what is set operator? List out set operator and explain any 1. | 2 |
| Q.2 (C) | Explain SUBQUERY with detail. | 5 |
| OR | | |
| Q.3 (A) | 1) Sequence can _____ Generate value.
2) can we create duplicate index?(Yes/No).
3) Distinct command/keyword is used for _____. | 3 |
| Q.3 (B) | what is Index? Explain database index with detail. | 2 |
| Q.3 (C) | Explain SEQUENCE in Oracle. | 5 |
| OR | | |
| Q.3 (A) | 1) which keyword is used to see next value in sequence? . | 3 |

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- Q.3 (A) 2) View is also known as _____.
 3) what is B-Tree index?.
- Q.3 (B) Q.3 (C) Q.3 (D)
- Q.3 (B) what is database link?
 Q.3 (C) Explain SNAPSHOT with detail.
- Q.4 (A) Q.4 (B) Q.4 (C)
- Q.4 (A) 1) Give the name of collector.
 2) PL/SQL Stands for _____.
 3) Execution section of PL/SQL block start with _____ Keyword.
- Q.4 (B) what is user define datatype? Explain with example.
 Q.4 (C) Different : SQ v/s PL/SQL.
- OR
- Q.4 (A) Q.4 (B) Q.4 (C)
- Q.4 (A) 1) how many section is available in PL/SQL block structure?.
 2) create type command is used to create _____.
 3) which block section optional in PL/SQL?.
- Q.4 (B) Explain implicit cursor with example.
 Q.4 (C) What is PL/SQL? Explain PL/SQL Block structure.
- Q.5 (A) Q.5 (B) Q.5 (C)
- Q.5 (A) 1) which table space is default ?
 2) Full form of SGA.
 3) DBWR Stands for _____.
- Q.5 (B) what is tablespace? Explain types of tablespace.
 Q.5 (C) Explain instance architecture.
- OR
- Q.5 (A) Q.5 (B) Q.5 (C)
- Q.5 (A) 1) A database is divide into logical pieces units called _____.
 2) RBS Stands for _____.
 3) Full form of PGA..
- Q.5 (B) Explain Import and Export Command.
 Q.5 (C) Explain SQL*Loader with detail.