



Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**F2X-003-3031001**

**B. C. A. (Sem. I) (CBCS)  
(W.E.F. 2022) Examination**

**December - 2022**

**CS-01 : Mathematical & Statistical  
Foundation of Computer Science  
(New Course)**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 3031001**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours / Total Marks : 70

1 (a) Answer the following questions in short :

(1) How many elements in  $3 \times 3$  determinants ?

(2) Find the value of  $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ .

(3) Define : Determinant.

(4) Determinants must be \_\_\_\_\_  
(Square / Rectangle)

(b) Attempt any one :

(1) If  $\begin{vmatrix} 3x & 7 \\ -2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 7 \\ 6 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$  then find  $x$ .

(2) The value of  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ .

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(c) Attempt any one :

(1) Find the value of  $x$ , if  $\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & -7 \\ -2 & x & 6 \\ 1 & x & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 43$ .

(2) Prove that  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 + d \\ 1 & b & b^2 + d \\ 1 & c & c^2 + d \end{vmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)$ .

(d) Attempt any one :

(1) Solve for  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$  by using Cramer's method :

$$2x + 3y + z = 9, \quad x + 2y + 3z = 8, \quad 3x + y + 2z = 7$$

(2) Write the rules of determinants.

2 (a) Answer the following questions in short :

(1) Define : Null matrix.

(2) Define : Square matrix

(3) Define : Singular matrix

(4) Define : Lower triangular matrix.

(b) Attempt any one :

(1) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  then find  $AB$ .

(2) Define : Addition of matrix with example.

(c) Attempt any one :

3

(1) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -3 \\ 4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $(A+B)^T$ .

(2) Find the inverse of matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(d) Attempt any one :

5

(1) For the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  prove

that  $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$ .

(2) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  then prove that  $A^2 - 4A - 5I = 0$ .

Hence find  $A^{-1}$ .

3 (a) Answer the following questions in short :

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(1) Write the distance formula for two points.

(2) Define : Area of triangle.

(3) Define : Intersection of two sets.

(4) Write two properties of union of sets.

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- (b) Attempt any one : 2
- (1) If  $A = \{a, b\}$  and  $B = \{1, 2, 3\}$  then find  $A \times B$ .
- (2) Find distance between two points  $(-1, 4)$  and  $(2, 8)$ .

- (c) Attempt any one : 3
- (1) Prove that  $(3, 2), (5, 4), (3, 6), (1, 4)$  are the vertices of square.
- (2) Prove that  $(A \cup B) \cup C = A \cup (B \cup C)$ .

- (d) Attempt any one : 5
- (1) If  $A = \{x \in Z / x^3 = x\}$ ,  $B = \{x \in Z / x^2 - x = 0\}$  and  $C = \{1, 2\}$ . Then prove that  $A \times (B - C) = (A \times B) - (A \times C)$ .
- (2) Find the area of triangle whose vertices are  $A(x, y - z), B(-x, z), C(x, y + z)$ .

- 4 (a) Answer the following questions in short : 4
- (1) Define : Mean
- (2) The second quartile is also known as \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Median, Mode)
- (3) Find the range of the data :  
110, 108, 85, 50, 60, 87
- (4) "Root mean square deviations from mean" is known as \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Standard deviation / Quartile deviation)

(b) Attempt any one : 2

(1) Find the median of the following data :  
35, 10, 28, 8, 24, 5, 20, 19, 12, 30, 39

(2) Find mode of the following data :  
3, 5, 23, 14, 11, 22, 33, 23, 25, 23, 15, 16

(c) Attempt any one : 3

(1) Find the mode from the following frequency distribution :

Class	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30 - 35	35 - 40	40 - 45	45 - 50
Frequency	25	29	32	39	27	18	6	2

(2) Find the range and coefficient of range for the following data :

x:	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
f:	12	16	18	20	22	23	25

(d) Attempt any one : 5

(1) Calculate the quartile deviation and coefficient of quartile deviation for the following data :

35, 10, 28, 8, 24, 5, 20, 19, 12, 30

(2) Calculate the mean and standard deviation for the following data :

Class	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30 - 35	35 - 40
Frequency	7	11	12	19	16	7	5	2



5 (a) Answer the following questions in short :

4

(1) Identify the progression : 24, 12, 6, 3, .....

(2) In A.P. what common \_\_\_\_\_.

(Ratio / Difference)

(3) If  $a = 5$ ,  $d = 2$ ,  $T_n = 23$ , then  $n =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

(4) The formula of Harmonic mean is \_\_\_\_\_.

(b) Attempt any one :

2

(1) Find the 15<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence

1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, \_\_\_\_\_

(2) The 8<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. is 5 and the 13<sup>th</sup> term is 25. Find 50<sup>th</sup> term.

(c) Attempt any one :

3

(1) The sum of consecutive terms in A.P. is 18 and their product is 192. Find the three terms.

(2) Obtain the sum of following series upto

$n$  terms.  $6 + 66 + 666 +$  \_\_\_\_\_ up to

$n$  terms.

(d) Attempt any one :

(1) The Arithmetic Mean and Geometric Mean of two real numbers are 6.5 and 6 respectively. Find the two numbers.

(2) For any two real quantities prove that

(i)  $AM \times HM = (GM)^2$

(ii)  $AM \geq GM \geq HM$ .